### ACCREDITATION BOARD MEETING MINUTES October 17, 2024

I. Call to order

Marcy Dimond, CEBT, CTBS called the meeting to order and welcomed the Accreditation Board members and guests in attendance.

The following members were present:

Marcy Dimond, CEBT, CTBS Accreditation Board Co-Chair Amy Lin, MD Accreditation Board Co-Chair Adam Stockman, CEBT AB Co-Vice Chair, Training Chair Maria Soledad Cortina, MD AB Co-Vice Chair Victoria Adler, RN, BSN, CEBT Andreea Bauknecht, CEBT Alan Blake, CEBT, CTBS Lisa Brooks, CEBT, CTBS Chair, Forms Subcommittee Jason Brosious, RN, MSN, CEBT, CTBS William Buras, CEBT Ryan Cady, CEBT Kevin Corcoran, CAE President/CEO Curtis Coughlin, CEBT Jennifer DeMatteo, MCM, CIC EBAA Director of Regulations & Standards Wayne Dietz, CEBT Donna Drury, MBA, CEBT, CTBS Sander Dubovy, MD Rachel Epstein, MD Nicholas Hicks, CEBT Bennie Jeng, MD Christopher Johns, CEBT, CTBS Aaron Kaufman, MD Sara Kerr, CEBT Christopher Ketcherside, MD Jennifer Li, MD Kyle Mavin, CEBT, CTBS Afshan Nanji, MD, MPH Lara Newman, MD Andrew Officer, CEBT Juan Pawirosetiko, CEBT Brian Philippy, CEBT Jim Quirk, CEBT **EBAA** Chair Saira Quraishy, CEBT Samuel Ramos, CEBT Edwin Roberts, MPA, CEBT Chris Sica, CEBT Michael Titus, CEBT

Samuel C. Yiu, MD

### II. Approval of Minutes

**A.** Marcy Dimond requested an approval of the minutes from last meeting.

**Action:** A motion was made by Kyle Mavin, seconded by Lisa Brooks to approve the minutes from the June 6<sup>th</sup>, 2024, meeting. -**Motion Passed** 

### III. Old Business

- A. AB Training Update (Stockman) Adam Stockman conducted a training workshop via Zoom on September 16<sup>th</sup>, 2024, that was open to all Accreditation Board members. The training session was recorded and is available via <u>eyeLEARN</u> for anyone who was not able to attend live. As a reminder, all Accreditation Board members (old and new) are required to watch this training.
- B. Forms Subcommittee (Lin) Eric Meinecke has completed his service as Chair of the Forms Subcommittee, replacing him will be Lisa Brooks. Need to work on some changes from this past year. Current members of the subcommittee are Vicki Adler, Alan Blake, Brian Philippy, and Amy Lin Dr. Lin may step down if another physician is interested in serving on the Forms Subcommittee. Additionally, if any other eye bankers have interested in joining the Forms Subcommittee, please let the Accreditation Board Co-Chairs know.
- C. **Modernization Subcommittee (DeMatteo)** EBAA has selected a software vendor, Armature, for the accreditation modernization system and has obtained board approval to move forward. Upcoming Spring 2025 inspections will proceed as normal with the accreditation process while the new software is implemented and the new modules/processes are developed.
- D. Medical Standards Changes Document (DeMatteo) Medical Standard changes implemented 2021-2024 will be available via the EBAA website. These documents are helpful for knowing when a change went into effect so an inspector will know whether or not to cite a bank for falling out of compliance with EBAA Medical Standards. As a reminder to membership, a Medical Advisory is sent out following all EBAA meetings detailing any changes to the Medical Standards. This document is a compilation of those changes over a several year span.

### IV. New Business

A. Appendix V Subcommittee (Mavin) – Kyle Mavin, Eric Meinecke, Lisa Brooks, Dr.
Ketcherside, Dr. Lin, Marcy Dimond, and Jennifer DeMatteo were charged with revising
EBAA Medical Standards Appendix V (Accredited Eye Banks Not Located in the US).
Currently, this standard only addresses Canada. Saudi Arabia is seeking accreditation

through the EBAA, so this subcommittee made revisions to add verbiage specific to Saudi Arabia. A motion was made to recommend this revision, as written (included below), to the Medical Advisory Board. Motion passed.

## EBAA Medical Standards Appendix V:

## Accredited Eye Banks Not Located in the United States

## **Introduction**

This appendix establishes the requirements for each country or region in which eye banks are subject to EBAA accreditation. The sections are written to address each Medical Standard that is otherwise written for eye banks within the United States. The determination of which regulations apply (e.g. FDA, foreign federal, foreign state, or other) may be made by the Accreditation Board and submitted to the Medical Advisory Board for inclusion in the appendix.

## Medical Standards Specific to Canada

## D1.100

The eye donor's relevant medical records must be reviewed for:

- EBAA-specific contraindications (Ref. D1.110): and
- Health Canada-defined relevant communicable disease agents and diseases: and
- Other diseases as required by the country of import, if exported outside of the United States

## D1.120

Health Canada defines communicable disease agents and diseases considered relevant. Tissue from persons exhibiting risk factors for, clinical evidence of, or physical evidence of relevant communicable disease and high-risk behavior associated with relevant communicable disease must not be used for transplant purposes.

## D1.200

The eye donor must be tested according to:

- EBAA testing requirements (D1.210)
- Health Canada testing requirements (D1.220).
- Provincial requirements, if applicable
- Other testing requirements of the country of import, if exported outside of Canada

A review of written results of infectious disease testing shall be received by the eye bank prior to releasing tissue designated for surgical use.

The infectious disease testing laboratory and test kits used must meet Health Canada's regulatory requirements.

If plasma dilution sufficient to affect the results of communicable disease testing is suspected, the donor should be considered ineligible, unless a pre-transfusion or infusion sample drawn up to 7 days before recovery is tested; or an algorithm designed to evaluate volumes administered in the 48 hours before specimen collection is used, showing that plasma dilution sufficient to affect the results has not occurred.

Eye banks shall use a plasma dilution algorithm which meets Health Canada requirements.

## D1.220

Refer to Canadian National Standards and CTO Guidance for donor testing requirements and recommendations. Results must be negative or non-reactive for the tissue to be eligible for transplant except as indicated for syphilis.

## G1.000

Each eye bank shall have a formally established quality assurance program. This program shall include:

- Establishment and maintenance of procedures for all functions performed by the eye bank (including review, approval, and revision)
- Monitoring and evaluation of functions through periodic audits by an individual(s) not regularly involved in the processes being monitored
- Identification of problems and complaints relating to activities (receiving, investigating, evaluating, and documenting information relating to eye banking requirements)
- Development of plans for corrective actions, including monitoring for effectiveness

The quality assurance program shall address applicable requirements relating to the following eye bank functions:

- 1. Facilities
- 2. Environmental control
- 3. Equipment
- 4. Supplies and reagents
- 5. Recovery
- 6. Processing and processing controls
- 7. Labeling controls
- 8. Storage
- 9. Receipt, pre-distribution shipment, and distribution
- 10. Donor eligibility determinations, donor screening, and donor testing
- 11. Tissue evaluation

Each eye bank shall document all aspects of its quality assurance program. Records relating to the quality assurance program shall be maintained for a minimum of ten years. These records shall be made available at the time of site inspection.

The Quality Assurance Program shall establish a system for reporting, documenting, and investigation of deviations (read as "errors or accidents," as defined by Health Canada). Deviations for distributed tissue relating to eye bank functions must be reported to the federal regulators and EBAA.

The eye bank's quality assurance program shall include a method for the receiving surgeon to report adverse reactions from the transplantation of corneal, scleral, or other ocular tissue to the distributing eye bank. The distributing eye bank must forward the adverse reaction information to the source eye bank, which made the donor eligibility determination. The source bank must perform an investigation and must report the adverse reaction information within 30 days to the EBAA office for review by the Medical Advisory Board. In accordance with Health Canada, adverse reactions involving a relevant communicable disease must be reported to Health Canada within 24 hours of receipt of the information if the adverse reaction is fatal, life-threatening, results in permanent impairment or damage or requires medical or surgical intervention.

The source bank must notify all entities involved in the recovery, processing, storage, distribution, tissue evaluation, and donor eligibility determination of the results of the investigation. Each of the involved entities must maintain documentation of the adverse event and results of the investigation forwarded to it by the source bank.

Infection of a systemic nature that the medical director's investigation determines to be possibly, likely/probable or definitely due to donor tissue must be communicated to all entities that recovered organs or received or recovered tissues from that donor.

An adverse reaction reportable to the EBAA is any communicable or other disease that is possibly, reasonably likely/probable, or definite/certain to have been transmitted by transplantation of donor eye tissue, including infection (as manifested by endophthalmitis, keratitis or systemic disease) and biologic dysfunction (such as immediate endothelial failure, donor corneal dystrophy, malignancy, or evidence suggestive of prior refractive surgery). If systemic infectious disease such as HIV, hepatitis, syphilis, West Nile Virus (WNV), or Creutzfeldt Jakob Disease (CJD) develops in a recipient, whether or not it is suspected to be due to donor tissue, this must be reported to the EBAA office. The Medical Director shall receive and review all adverse reaction reports, documenting any corrective actions he/she determines are indicated.

A "Package Insert" form that meets the EBAA requirements defined below shall accompany the tissue for transplantation. This form shall include the following:

- 1. Recommended storage temperature for specific type of tissue (cornea; sclera; whole eye). Specific emphasis on DO NOT FREEZE for corneas.
- 2. That the surgeon should check for integrity of the seal and immediately report to the eye bank any evidence of possible tampering.
- 3. For corneas in intermediate-term storage solution, a color change per the manufacturer's guidelines may indicate a change in pH, in which case the tissue should not be used and a report made immediately to the eye bank.
- 4. Whether pre-surgical microbiologic cultures were performed by the eye bank.
- 5. The form shall also advise the receiving surgeon that the tissues are delivered with no warranty as to merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose, and that the receiving surgeon is ultimately responsible for judging if the tissue is suitable for use.
- 6. The form shall advise the consignee that they are responsible for tracking of the tissue recipient's name, unique identification number, age and/or date of birth, diagnosis, date of surgery, location of surgery, type of surgery, and the name of the transplanting surgeon when the tissue is transplanted. This information is needed to track the tissue from the donor to consignee and from the consignee to the recipient.
- 7. "Infectious disease testing has been performed by a laboratory that meets the applicable requirements of the authority having jurisdiction over that laboratory," as required by Health Canada.
- 8. That Health Canada approved tests were used for infectious disease testing as required by the Health Canada and EBAA, some of which are approved for pre-mortem blood and that Health Canada approved tests for cadaveric blood were used where available.
- 9. A list of infectious disease test results for that specific donor.

This information may be included on the eye bank's donor screening form as long as it is easily noticed; otherwise a separate package insert form is advised.

## Glossary

*Relevant communicable disease*: Any communicable disease relevant to transplantation of tissue in humans as defined by Health Canada regulations, Health Canada guidance documents or Canadian law.

## **Canadian References**

SOR/2007-118 Safety of Human Cells, Tissues and Organs for Transplantation Regulations, September 27, 2022.

National Standard of Canada CAN/CSA Z900.1:22 Cells, Tissues, and Organs for Transplantation: General Requirements, updated December 2022.

National Standard of Canada CAN/CSA Z900.2.4:22 Ocular Tissues for Transplantation,

## updated December 2022.

Guidance Document for Cell, Tissue and Organ Establishments: Safety of Human Cells, Tissues and Organs for Transplantation, May 31, 2018.

## Medical Standards Specific to Saudi Arabia

## **D2.100**

The eye donor's relevant medical records must be reviewed for:

- EBAA-specific contraindications (Ref. D1.110): and
- <u>Saudi Arabia defined relevant communicable disease agents and diseases: (SCOT 5.4.13)</u> and
- <u>Other diseases as required by the country of import, if exported outside of the Saudi</u> <u>Arabia</u>

## <u>D2.120</u>

Saudi Arabia defines communicable disease agents and diseases considered relevant. Tissue from persons exhibiting risk factors for, clinical evidence of, or physical evidence of relevant communicable disease and high-risk behavior associated with relevant communicable disease must not be used for transplant purposes.

# **D2.200**

The eye donor must be tested according to:

- EBAA testing requirements (D1.210)
- Saudi Center for Organ Transplantation (D2.210)
- Other testing requirements of the country of import, if exported outside of Saudi Arabia

A review of written results of infectious disease testing shall be received by the eye bank prior to releasing tissue designated for surgical use. (APP # 1446-04, 6.5)

If plasma dilution sufficient to affect the results of communicable disease testing is suspected, the donor should be considered ineligible, unless a pre-transfusion or infusion sample drawn up to 7 days before recovery is tested; or an algorithm designed to evaluate volumes administered in the 48 hours before specimen collection is used, showing that plasma dilution sufficient to affect the results has not occurred.

The eye bank shall use a plasma dilution algorithm which meets Saudi Center for Organ Transplantation requirements.

## <u>D2.210</u>

Refer to Saudi Center for Organ Transplantation for donor testing requirements and recommendations. Results must be negative or non-reactive for the tissue to be eligible for transplant except as indicated for syphilis. (DDP.OSC.005 - 5.4.13 and APP # 1446-04, 6.5)

## <u>G1.000</u>

Each eye bank shall have a formally established quality assurance program. This program shall include:

- Establishment and maintenance of procedures for all functions performed by the eye bank (including review, approval, and revision)
- Monitoring and evaluation of functions through periodic audits by an individual(s) not regularly involved in the processes being monitored
- Identification of problems and complaints relating to activities (receiving, investigating, evaluating, and documenting information relating to eye banking requirements)
- Development of plans for corrective actions, including monitoring for effectiveness

The quality assurance program shall address applicable requirements relating to the following eye bank functions:

- 12. Facilities
- 13. Environmental control
- 14. Equipment
- 15. Supplies and reagents
- 16. <u>Recovery</u>
- 17. Processing and processing controls
- 18. Labeling controls
- 19. Storage
- 20. Receipt, pre-distribution shipment, and distribution
- 21. Donor eligibility determinations, donor screening, and donor testing
- 22. <u>Tissue evaluation</u>

Each eye bank shall document all aspects of its quality assurance program. Records relating to the quality assurance program shall be maintained for a minimum of ten years. These records shall be made available at the time of site inspection.

The Quality Assurance Program shall establish a system for reporting, documenting, and investigation of deviations. Deviations for distributed tissue relating to eye bank functions must be reported to the federal regulators and EBAA.

The eye bank's quality assurance program shall include a method for the receiving surgeon to report adverse reactions from the transplantation of corneal, scleral, or other ocular tissue to the distributing eye bank. The distributing eye bank must forward the adverse reaction information to the source eye bank, which made the donor eligibility determination. The source bank must perform an investigation and must report the adverse reaction information within 30 days to the EBAA office for review by the Medical Advisory Board. In accordance with the Saudi Center for Organ Transplantation (SCOT) adverse reactions involving a relevant communicable disease must be reported to SCOT.

The source bank must notify all entities involved in the recovery, processing, storage, distribution, tissue evaluation, and donor eligibility determination of the results of the

investigation. Each of the involved entities must maintain documentation of the adverse event and results of the investigation forwarded to it by the source bank.

Infection of a systemic nature that the medical director's investigation determines to be possibly, likely/probable or definitely due to donor tissue must be communicated to all entities that recovered organs or received or recovered tissues from that donor.

An adverse reaction reportable to the EBAA is any communicable or other disease that is possibly, reasonably likely/probable, or definite/certain to have been transmitted by transplantation of donor eye tissue, including infection (as manifested by endophthalmitis, keratitis or systemic disease) and biologic dysfunction (such as immediate endothelial failure, donor corneal dystrophy, malignancy, or evidence suggestive of prior refractive surgery). If systemic infectious disease such as HIV, hepatitis, syphilis, West Nile Virus (WNV), or Creutzfeldt Jakob Disease (CJD) develops in a recipient, whether or not it is suspected to be due to donor tissue, this must be reported to the EBAA office. The Medical Director shall receive and review all adverse reaction reports, documenting any corrective actions he/she determines are indicated.

# L1.200

<u>A "Package Insert" form that meets the EBAA requirements defined below shall accompany the tissue for transplantation. This form shall include the following:</u>

- 10. <u>Recommended storage temperature for specific type of tissue (cornea; sclera; whole eye).</u> <u>Specific emphasis on DO NOT FREEZE for corneas.</u>
- 11. <u>That the surgeon should check for integrity of the seal and immediately report to the eye</u> bank any evidence of possible tampering.
- 12. For corneas in intermediate-term storage solution, a color change per the manufacturer's guidelines may indicate a change in pH, in which case the tissue should not be used and a report made immediately to the eye bank.
- 13. Whether pre-surgical microbiologic cultures were performed by the eye bank.
- 14. <u>The form shall also advise the receiving surgeon that the tissues are delivered with no</u> warranty as to merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose, and that the receiving surgeon is ultimately responsible for judging if the tissue is suitable for use.
- 15. The form shall advise the consignee that they are responsible for tracking of the tissue recipient's name, unique identification number, age and/or date of birth, diagnosis, date of surgery, location of surgery, type of surgery, and the name of the transplanting surgeon when the tissue is transplanted. This information is needed to track the tissue from the donor to consignee and from the consignee to the recipient.
- 16. <u>Infectious disease testing has been performed by an approved laboratory of the Saudi</u> <u>Center for Organ Transplantation.</u>
- 17. <u>A list of infectious disease test results for that specific donor.</u>

This information may be included on the eye bank's donor screening form as long as it is easily noticed; otherwise, a separate package insert form is advised.

## Saudi Center for Organ Transplantation References:

Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, Saudi Health Council: Directory of the Regulations of Organ Transplantation; Saudi Center for Organ Transplantation, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition 2014

<u>Ministry of National Guard Health Affairs, Administrative Policy and Procedure – Post-</u> <u>Mortem Human Eye Tissue (Corneal) Donation, Ophthalmology (7530), August 2024</u>

Saudi Center for Organ Transplantation, Standards for Cornea Transplantation Service (CTS)

<u>Department Policy and Procedure; Deceased Possible Donor Management, Policy No.</u> <u>DDP.OSC.005</u>

B. Accreditation Board Travel Policy (Corcoran) – the reimbursement guidelines for hotels have increased to \$209 daily. EBAA has seen significant increases in air fares. These increases can be quite high when travel is booked within 2 weeks of an inspection. Inspectors should book their flights as early as possible to keep costs manageable. Any questions about expenses can be directed to Kevin or Jennifer at EBAA.

Bernard Dellario will be returning as an outside controller to assist with EBAA's finance role effective October 1, 2024. Freddy Gettman will also be assisting with finance duties.

### V. Late Additions – no late additions

### VI. Adjournment of Business Meeting

Action: A motion was made to adjourn and move to the closed session. – Motion Passed

### VII. Closed Session

Inspectors presented observations of 7 banks.

The following was the result of the voting:

7 banks received 3-year accreditation

No bank was denied accreditation

Minutes submitted by AB Co-Vice Chair, Adam Stockman, CEBT